34th Annual Virginia Tech Regional Mathematics Contest From 9:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m., October 27, 2012

Fill out the individual registration form

1. Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos^4 x + \sin x \, \cos^3 x + \sin^2 x \, \cos^2 x + \sin^3 x \, \cos x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x + 2\sin x \, \cos^3 x + 2\sin^2 x \, \cos^2 x + 2\sin^3 x \, \cos x} \, dx.$$

- 2. Solve in real numbers the equation $3x x^3 = \sqrt{x+2}$.
- 3. Find nonzero complex numbers a, b, c, d, e such that

$$a+b+c+d+e = -1$$

$$a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}+d^{2}+e^{2} = 15$$

$$\frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{b}+\frac{1}{c}+\frac{1}{d}+\frac{1}{e} = -1$$

$$\frac{1}{a^{2}}+\frac{1}{b^{2}}+\frac{1}{c^{2}}+\frac{1}{d^{2}}+\frac{1}{e^{2}} = 15$$

$$abcde = -1$$

- 4. Define f(n) for *n* a positive integer by f(1) = 3 and $f(n+1) = 3^{f(n)}$. What are the last two digits of f(2012)?
- 5. Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\ln n} \left(\frac{1}{\ln n}\right)^{(n+1)/n}$ is convergent.
- 6. Define a sequence (a_n) for n a positive integer inductively by $a_1 = 1$ and $a_n = \frac{n}{\prod_{d \mid n} a_d}$. Thus $a_2 = 2$, $a_3 = 3$, $a_4 = 2$ etc. Find a_{999000} . $1 \le d \le n$
- 7. Let A_1 , A_2 , A_3 be 2×2 matrices with entries in \mathbb{C} (the complex numbers). Let tr denote the trace of a matrix (so tr $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = a + d$). Suppose $\{A_1, A_2, A_3\}$ is closed under matrix multiplication (i.e. given i, j, there exists k such that $A_i A_j = A_k$), and tr $(A_1 + A_2 + A_3) \neq 3$. Prove that there exists i such that $A_i A_j = A_j A_i$ for all j (here i, j are 1, 2 or 3).