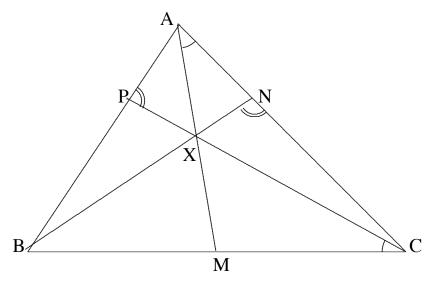
## **30th Annual Virginia Tech Regional Mathematics Contest**

From 9:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m., November 1, 2008

## Fill out the individual registration form

- 1. Find the maximum value of  $xy^3 + yz^3 + zx^3 x^3y y^3z z^3x$  where  $0 \le x \le 1$ ,  $0 \le y \le 1$ ,  $0 \le z \le 1$ .
- 2. How many sequences of 1's and 3's sum to 16? (Examples of such sequences are  $\{1,3,3,3,3,3\}$  and  $\{1,3,1,3,1,3,1,3\}$ .)
- 3. Find the area of the region of points (x, y) in the xy-plane such that  $x^4 + y^4 \le x^2 x^2y^2 + y^2$ .
- 4. Let ABC be a triangle, let M be the midpoint of BC, and let X be a point on AM. Let BX meet AC at N, and let CX meet AB at P. If  $\angle MAC = \angle BCP$ , prove that  $\angle BNC = \angle CPA$ .



5. Let  $a_1, a_2, \ldots$  be a sequence of nonnegative real numbers and let  $\pi, \rho$  be permutations of the positive integers  $\mathbb{N}$  (thus  $\pi, \rho \colon \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$  are one-to-one and onto maps). Suppose that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n = 1$  and  $\varepsilon$  is a real number such that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |a_n - a_{\pi n}| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |a_n - a_{\rho n}| < \varepsilon$ . Prove that there exists a finite subset X of  $\mathbb{N}$  such that  $|X \cap \pi X|, |X \cap \rho X| > (1 - \varepsilon)|X|$  (here |X| indicates the number of elements in X; also the inequalities <, > are strict).

(Please turn over)

- 6. Find all pairs of positive (nonzero) integers a,b such that ab-1 divides  $a^4-3a^2+1$ .
- 7. Let  $f_1(x) = x$  and  $f_{n+1}(x) = x^{f_n(x)}$  for n a positive integer. Thus  $f_2(x) = x^x$  and  $f_3(x) = x^{(x^x)}$ . Now define  $g(x) = \lim_{n \to \infty} 1/f_n(x)$  for x > 1. Is g continuous on the open interval  $(1, \infty)$ ? Justify your answer.